

*Alexandria*  
**Alexandria**  
**Advertiser**  
**AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCER.**

Vol. 11.]

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1862.

[No. 599.]

**Sale by Auction.**

**On SATURDAY.**

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,  
Whisky in barrels,  
Apple Brandy in barrels,  
Gin in casks,  
Wine in pipes and quarter casks,  
Molasses in hhds.  
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,  
White and brown Soap in boxes,  
Coffee in casks and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes,  
Queens' Ware, and  
A variety of DRY GOODS.

THOS. PATTON, Auctioneer.

November 9.

**Public Sale.**

**On TUESDAY,**

At ten o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.  
Whiskey in barrels,  
Gin in casks and barrels,  
Port wine in casks,  
Molasses in hhds.  
Sugar in hhds and bls.  
White and brown soap in boxes,  
Chocolate in boxes,  
Coffee in tierces and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes.  
Queens Ware in crates, handsomely assorted,

ALSO,

**A variety of DRY GOODS,**

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloth and Kerfimeres,  
Narrow Cloth, and Flannels,  
Irish Linens, and Oznaburges,  
Sail deck of different qualities,  
Chintzes and Calicoes,  
Cambric and Cotton shawls,  
India Muslin and Table Cloths,  
Coloured threads and fowing silks,  
Ribbons, Hats, and  
A number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

November 9. Vendue-Master.

**JANNEY & PATON,**

Have just received by the sch'r Harmony, capt. Crabtree, from Porto Rico,

20 hhds. & 250 barrels first quality Muscovado Sugars,

Also, on Hand,

Molasses, in hhds.

Grenada and Jamaica Rum, in hhds.

and barrels,

Catalonia Wine,

N. England Rum, in hhds. & barrels,

Souchong Tea, of a superior quality,

Brown and Castile Soap,

Mould and dipt Candles,

Cogniac Brandy,

Fine and coarse Salt,

Men and women's Shoes,

Queens Ware in crates, assorted,

With a complete assortment of N. Eng-land and Russia CORDAGE; East-India and Russia Goods.

A L S O,

20 Hhds. Barbice Coffee,

40 do. 2d quality Sugar.

Oct. 30.

**ADVERTISEMENT.**

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from Owen Roberts to the Subscriber, will be exposed to Sale, for ready money, on the Premises, on Wednesday the 17th day of November, if fair, if not, then the next fair day.

ONE half of that LOT of GROUND in the city of Washington, lying in square No. 256, and designated in that square by the No. 10; the moiety intended to be sold fronting upon the open 2nd on the Pennsylvania Avenue, and joining upon the lot No. 11 in that square, has a front of 24 feet 2 inches and an half, and 97 feet 5 inches deep; upon it is erected a frame Dwelling-House.

JAMES KEITH, Trustee.

October 13.

Just received, and for SALE by  
**HENRY K. MAY & CO.**

Corner of King & Union Streets,  
5 pipes 4th proof FRENCH  
BRANDY,  
8 hhds. and } N. England Rum.  
6 barrels, }  
Nov. 8. d6t

**CUTHBERT POWELL,**

In addition to his importations by the several vessels from Liverpool, has just received, per the Industry, from London,

Superfine Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Irish Linens, scarlet Cardinals, yarn and worked Hosiery, Manchester, ladies fashionable Kid Shoes, &c. &c. &c.

He has also received this day, from New-York,

Ticklenburgs, Hessians, German Dowlafs, and Russia Diaper; all which he offers for Sale by the piece or package, at the lowest prices.

Nov. 1.

**Public Sale.**

In Pursuance of a Deed of Trust from Jesse Taylor, deceased, to the subscriber, made to secure a debt due to the Bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to sale, upon the Premises, on Saturday the 4th day of December next,

THE FOLLOWING

**Valuable Property.**

A LOT of Ground situated at the South West corner of King and Pitt-Streets, extending on Pitt-Street seventy feet, and thirty-three feet eight inches and an half on King Street; forty-three feet of this lot on Pitt Street has a depth of sixty-nine feet eight and one half inches, and the remainder at the corner of King and Pitt-Streets has a depth of thirty-three feet, eight inches and an half, including the House now occupied by Mr. Edmund Denny.

Terms of sale, one third of the purchase money in six months, one third in twelve months, and the residue in eighteen months.

Nov. 5.

LUDWELL LEE, Trustee.

**ROBERT B. JAMESSON**

Has on hand, and offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, at his Store corner of King and Fairfax Streets,

100 qr. casks of best

**ENGLISH GUNPOWDER,**

VIZ:

F. F. F. Single and Double Battle.

ALSO,

20 Hhds. 1st quality Muscovado Sugar

10 do. 2d do. do. do.

40 Bags Green Coffee,

15 do Spinning Cotton,

8 Pipes Cogniac Brandy,

Jamaica, Grenada, and New-England

Rum,

Holland Gin, and Peach Brandy,

India Arrack, & 6 years old Irish Whif-

key,

Loat Sugar,

Madeira,

Sherry,

Port,

Lisbon,

Catalonia,

Frontiniac,

Fayal,

Teneriffe, and

Malaga

WINE.

Pimento, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace,

Cinnamon, Cassia, Cayenne & Black Pep-

per, fine Chewing Tobacco, Godfroids

warranted Segars, Vanilla Beans, Ground

Ginger, short Pipes in kegs and boxes,

Glauber Salts, Madder, Copperas, Dix-

on's Mustard, Capres, Anchovies, Olives,

Green Pickles, and Ketchup.

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Hyson Skin, and

Souchong

TEAS,

Raisins in boxes and jars, Almonds,

Prunes, Mould Candles, White, Brown,

and Castile Soap, Starch, Fig Blue, Wrap-

ping Paper, Olive Oil in flasks and black

bottles, Noyeau, Demijohns assorted from

3 to 6 gallons, Leiperts and Hamilton's

Snuff in bladders and bottles, refined Salt

Petre, and a few bags of Pear Barley.

Oct. 25.



**NOTICE.**

WHEREAS Capt. John Hand, mas-ter of the sloop Hilard, did on or about the 16th day of March, in the year 1861, receive on board said vessel, 14 CHESTS of TEA, shipped by Messrs. Cranston, Alexander & Co. merchants, re-siding in Philadelphia, and consigned to me, among which there was one Chest of Imperial Tea, which fell short in the weight two pounds, and at the same time I charged the said John Hand for Tea taken out of said Chest to that amount, which I did thro' heat of passion; and I now come forward for the satisfaction of Capt. Hand, to show that he is a man for whom I have the greatest veneration, and I believe that his public as well as private character is unimpeach-able and am truly sorry that I should ever have implicated him in so serious a charge.

THOMAS CRUSE.

Nov. 10.

**Public Sale.**

On Friday the 12th inst. at 3 o'clock, P. M. will positively be sold,

The three-story BRICK-HOUSE adjoining Messrs. Ricketts, Newton & Co's. Warehouse, on Fairfax street.

And, at the same time will be sold,

About 5 ACRES of LAND,

on the Commons.

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

Nov. 10.

**WILLIAM OXLEY,**

Has imported in the CATHERINE, BRUTUS and FELICITY from Liverpool, and IN-DUSTRY from London, a large and gene-ral Assortment of

**FALL GOODS,**

CONSISTING OF

Superfine, refines and all qualities and colours 6 qrs. & 7 qrs. Cloths, Plaines, Cassimeres, Kerseys, Coatings, Friezes, Kendal Cottons, Half Thicks, white Ser-ges, spotted Swanskins, Welsh Plains, Swansdowns, Toilets, Rose Blankets, striped Blanketing, Bearskins Fearnought, Woolen, Worsted, Cotton & silk Hosiery; scarlet Cloaks; Calicoes, Mullins & Mullin Handkerchiefs; fancy Cords, Fustians, Jeans, Dimities, Bed Ticking, Durants, Calimancoes, Wildbores, Bombazetts, Bombazeens, Camblers, Laces & Edgings; Silk Handkerchiefs, fashionable Straw & Chip Hats, Gimps, white and coloured Threads, &c. &c.

A L S O,

An Assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery.

Nov. 2.

d61003w

**JAMES WILSON,**

Has received, by the Industry, from Lon-

don, an extensive Assortment of

**FALL GOODS,**

Which will be offered for Sale immedi-

ately, by the piece or package.

Also, by the above Vessel,

Seven pipes and 18 bl ds. genuine old

Port Wine, two years in bottles.

Nov. 1.

d

**POCKET-BOOKS.**

**COTTOM & STEWART,**

Have just received a handsome assortment

of

Ladies Pocket-Books & Thread Cases,

Gentlemen's Pocket-Books and Affes skin

Tablets

Nov. 9.

d

**WILLIAM HODGSON.**

Has received by the Brutus, from Liver-

pool, an assortment of

**FALL GOODS.**

He has also on hand,

A choice parcel of Grenada Rum, Liver-

pool fine Salt, bottled London Brown

Stout, Porter in casks, 6 doz. each old,

Port Wine in bottles, a ton of Sheathing

Paper and a quantity of Grindstones.

Oct. 15.

**ADVERTISEMENT.**

On Monday the 29th day of this present month, if fair, if not the next fair day, at Redbull, in Fairfax Coun-ty at the plantation of the late George Hunter, dec'd, will be sold to the highest bidder at a short credit which will be made known on the day of sale. The purchasers giving bonds and approved security,

All the perishable effects of the said deceased,

CONSISTING OF EXCELLENT

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

A number of books, horses, cows, hogs

c. waggon, cart, farming utensils, &c.

Together with a

Coachee and Harness,

In tolerable repair, a watch, and an

Eight-Day Clock.

The sale will commence at eleven o'clock.

GEORGE BEARD, Administrator.

N. B. Any persons who may buy, and

fail to give security as above, the things

will be sold again at their risk, neither will

they be benefitted by the sale. G. B.

Nov. 11 d3t 18w2w

**JOHN GARDNER LADD,**

Has for Sale,

Loaf and brown Sugars,

Rum, Molasses, Coffee,

Brandy and Cigars,

Sherry,

Isab in,

Malaga, and

Madira,

Russia Sheetings and Duck,

India Cotton,

A few boxes fine and coarse hats,

A great variety of shoes,

Cotton and Wool Cards,

B. ft American Playing Cards,

Soap and Candles,

Corie and fine Salt,

Red Seal Leather,

James River manufactured Tobacco,

Cordage, Paper, Glats, Allum,

Cheese, Cockish, Chad, and Herrings,

Hyson,

Hyson Shulan,

Souchong, and

Bohea

Refined Salt Petre,

Cordia's in barrels,

Sweet Oil in boxes, Spermaceti, ditto,

Fresh Chocolate in boxes, &c. &c.

Also, about 50 hhds. Potomac TOBACCO.

Nov. 11.

**FOR NEW-YORK,**



The SCHOONER

**ENTERPRIZE.**

For Freight or Pas-

sage apply to Captain

MITCHEL, or

R. B. JAMESSON.

Nov. 2.

d

For Freight or Charter,

The BRIGANTINE

**EAGLE,**

Burthen 176 tons, 10 months

old, an excellent staunch ves-

sels, completely equipped and sails fast.

For Sale on board said Brig,

2500 bushels Liverpool SALT,

and a few chaldrons British Coals.—

Apply to J. G. LADD, or to Captain

Teny on board, at Prince street wharf.

Oct. 29.

d

**Ten Dollars Reward.**

**STRAYED** from Mount Washington,

a yellow and white HOUND DOG,

with a bushy Tail, named ROYAL. He

had a long Chain about his neck, when he

escaped. Whoever will return him to the

Subscriber, at Mount Washington, 1 mile

this side of George Town ferry, shall re-

ceive the above Reward.

**WILLIAM SPENCE.**

Mount-Washington, Nov. 4.

d

**JOSEPH RIDDLE, & Co.**

HAVE received a considerable addition

to their assortment per the Industry, capt.

M'Kenzie, from London.

Nov. 2.

d



FROM THE BALANCE.  
—  
ON EDUCATION.

No. XVIII.

IN the wife economy of nature, there is a remarkable correspondence between the common standard of human capacity and the general business of life; inasmuch that a general enlargement, as well as a contraction of the natural capacities of mankind, while continuing in this world, would be destructive to their interests. The first would set them above the necessary business of life, while the last would reduce them below it; and in either case, the whole world would become a scene of wretchedness. While a necessary degree of intellect is dispensed to all, the splendid gifts of genius have been dealt out with a sparing hand. The world has seen but one Homer. The British nation has reared only one Newton, one Milton, one Shakespeare. Each of them, in his respective department, stands alone and unrivalled.

But let not a blind presumption impute this frugal economy, in the bestowment of genius, either to impotence, or to a want of benevolence, in the great First Cause. With Him it is as easy to create a Homer or a Newton as to create a worm; nor is it possible that the Father of exhaustless light should grudge to impart intellect. The plan of nature is fraught with unmeasurable goodness towards her frail children. In the chain that extends immensely, from the verge of nothing up toward the infinite ALL, Man occupies one link; and, if he should be, in point of capacity, essentially different from what he is, this link, would be deranged. If mankind were generally endowed with the capacious intellect of Newton, or with the creative fancy of Shakespeare, while they would be "feeding on thought," & rapt in profound contemplations; or while they would be forming and combining, in their minds, innumerable gay and sportive images, there would be no man to till the ground;—the agricultural and mechanical employments upon which life depends, would be despised and neglected, and such a generation of philosophers and poets would soon be devoured by meagre famine. Therefore, while those splendid talents have been kindly denied to men, which, were they generally bestowed, would render them insubordinate, discontented and wretched, they have been endowed with such an average portion of intellect, as qualifies them for subsisting on the planet they are destined to inhabit. Idiots excepted, all are endowed with the germ of abilities, sufficient for rendering them useful in some necessary department of life.

Now, in the business of education, it is prudent to follow the order and footsteps of nature. The visionary scheme of converting the great mass of mankind into philosophers, is deserving of no other notice than that of ridicule and contempt. Were this to be effected, the order of nature would be deranged; the necessary laborious occupations of life would be contemned; and misery and destruction would be the inevitable consequence. Any one is well learned, whose learning is fully adequate to his business. It is no disparagement or inconvenience to a farmer, a mechanic, or even a merchant, that he is not able to solve a problem in Euclid, or to construe Homer, or Virgil;—that he is an adept, neither in Newton's system of philosophy, nor in Belles-Lettres. If his learning be competent to all the business of his particular calling, and to the various relations he stands in, toward his maker and toward society, it is sufficiently extensive.

Any kind of learning, that is entirely foreign from one's business, is not only useless but may be very hurtful. If a farmer, whose livelihood depends upon his industry, should spend his time in investigating the philosophy of plants, which ought to be spent in being them, he would be deserving of ridicule; and would be sure to meet with poverty. A mechanic would quickly lose his customers, and with them his living, that should brandish his learning in their faces, and attempt to entertain them with scientific harangues, instead of performing their work, with neatness and dispatch. Nor would a merchant thrive in trade, who should neglect his ledger, for the study of Homer or Shakespeare; who should be courting the muses; when he ought to be posting his book, or waiting upon his customers; or should, in any way, sacrifice the character of diligence and punctuality, to the ambition of ap-

pearing a man of general science. This Latin adage will seldom fail;—"Par ne gottis, neque sopra." That is, one should be equal to his business, but not above it. The misfortune of being educated below the business that one is destined to follow, is very apparent; and tho' less apparent, it is sometimes equally a misfortune to be educated above it. A common saying is;—"It can do a child no harm to have learning." This is true, only in a limited sense. A degree of learning is necessary, in every kind of business; and different degrees of it are requisite, in different callings and professions; so that it is possible for one to have too much learning, as well as too little. Any kind of speculative knowledge or literary pursuit, that should cause a person to scorn his calling, or should divert him from the diligent prosecution of it, would be worse than useless to him, as it might prove his undoing.

The world subsists by labour. This is the philosopher's stone, that turns every thing into gold; or, what is much better, it nourishes and supports the whole human family; therefore any speculative scientific pursuits, which should divert people generally from their laborious callings, would tend to poison, rather than to improve the human interest and happiness. If the great mass of mankind, neglecting their useful and necessary callings, should attempt to become connoisseurs in the fine arts, or learned philosophers and metaphysicians; or should spend their time in viewing the sun through a telescope, or insects, through a microscope; or, like European academicians of the royal grade, in chasing butterflies and gathering cockle-shells, for cabinets of curiosity—Such an universal deluge of learning would be as fatal to the world, as was the deluge of waters in the time of Noah.

It follows from the truth of the foregoing remarks, that for the ordinary business and callings of life, well-regulated common schools are sufficient, and even are better than the abodes of profound science. Common learning, like cents and little pieces of silver, is daily and hourly needed in the general commerce of life: where, as extensive erudition is like large bank bills, or ingots of gold; the owner of which, unless furnished with small change, would be unable to purchase the little articles that are daily needed for his table, or even to provide himself with a breakfast.

SENEX.

FROM THE NEW YORK GAZETTE.

EXTRACTS from "Principles of Nature," published by Elihu Palmer, president of the Theistical Society in New-York.

No. III.

WHATEVER may be said as to the alliance between what is falsely called republicanism and infidelity; it is a fact which admits of no contradiction, that the constant hearers of Mr. Palmer, and all the members of that society over which he presides, are strenuous opposers of the federal administration, and contributed with all their might to the present order of things. Let me proceed with the extracts.

"This religion does not draw its morality from the right source. But the correct, the elegant, the useful maxims of Confucius, Antonius, Seneca, Price, and Volney, beautifully display its principles from the physical and moral organization of intelligent beings. The writings of these men are in the hands of the public, and may be perused by every one whose prejudices do not forbid it, and when examined with a spirit of candor, they will rise far superior to the boasted morality of the Christian system. But when the numerous, cruel and immoral maxims contained in the Bible, are placed in the balance, they greatly outweigh all its genuine morality, and the influence of this religion upon the human heart and human actions, verifies the remark." P. 75.

"It may be confidently maintained that the world must either retrograde to a state of darkness, or that the belief of the Christian Religion must become wholly extinct. If the mind of man should progressively advance towards a state of perfectibility, this system of religion is injurious to its researches and so incompatible with the dignity and happiness of his nature, must be forever annihilated and destroyed." P. 80, 81.

"In spirit this Christian God is at variance with himself, and in him

no genuine confidence can be reposed. Can any one then be happy who trusts to a Being of this description? To one who is imperfect, unstable, passionate & revengeful? To a Being who has, in fact, no uniformity of conduct, no system of action, and no immutability of procedure?" P. 84.

"This proves that Moses, or whoever wrote the first chapter of Genesis, was neither a good world maker, nor a good astronomer." P. 89.

"The flood is therefore a chimerical, and one of the theological errors contained in the bible system of religion." P. 100.

"All these are specimens of that miserable and disgusting extravagance with which this Holy Bible is every where replete. These are a few out of the number of that long catalogue of foolish detail for which the scriptures of the Old and New Testament are so remarkable." P. 102.

"There is as much reason to believe Mahomet as to believe Moses and Jesus, and their apostles and followers." P. 121.

"Behold a virgin shall conceive &c. This prophecy declares that at some future time, some girl or other should be with child, and that the child's name should be called Emanuel, this is the whole of the amount of it, and it is easy to perceive that it is remarkably deficient in all definite properties of perspicuous prediction. The name of Mary is not mentioned, nor the name of Jesus; nobody knows who this virgin was, or by whom she became pregnant." P. 130.

I quote the passages in the order in which they stand in the book, omitting many equally as bad. It will be found, before I conclude, that Mr. Palmer advances sentiments which can be construed no otherwise than downright atheism. Such is a man whom a society have chosen for their preacher, exalted to their chief seat; and the associates of whom are employed by some professing christians as their republican printers.

FIDELIS.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 8.

The fast-failing ship Swift, capt. Gillender, arrived at this port yesterday, in 33 days from Bourdeaux. We are indebted to the politeness of capt. Spayer, who came passenger in this vessel, for a file of Paris papers to the 26th September, inclusive. They are almost wholly destitute of interest. The only prominent article relates to the troubles in Switzerland, which have risen to a very serious crisis. To this subject our translations are principally confined.

We are happy to announce that the report of the death of the illustrious M. La Fayette is without foundation. A Paris paper of Sept. 23d, mentions that the English Demosthenes, Mr. Charles Fox, was about setting out from Paris to spend a fortnight with him at his country seat.

We have received by the Swift, a Bourdeaux Price Current of the 28th Sept.—Georgia cotton, which was scarce and in demand, was at 200 to 225 francs per cwt. Carolina Indigo, 4 to 5 f. per lb. Fine coffee 1 f. 22 c. to 1 f. 26 c. per lb. American pearl-shells 43 f. cwt. Potashies 36 to 38 f. New Carolina rice, 35 f. Virginia tobacco, cwt. 75 to 90 f. Carolina do. 70 to 80 f. Maryland 65 to 75 f. Flour 16 to 16 f. 10 c. per cwt.

The vintage throughout France promises to be very abundant.

We are verbally informed by passengers in the two arrivals at this port from Bourdeaux, one of them direct from Paris, that the bills drawn by Gen. Le Clerk at St. Domingo on the Government, had not been promptly paid—some of them indeed had been protested. And, it was the general opinion, that they would not be generally honored; although some of them might be paid as a very great favour to those in whose hands they might fall. This measure was deemed not to be out of any disrespect to the American nation, but of the unwillingness of the French to part with their money.

Bonaparte still reigned supreme over the French nation. He has a numerous life guard constantly about his person, to prevent any attempts upon his life.

POSTSCRIPT.

Our boat returned at one o'clock this morning from the ship Julianna, captain Brown. We stop the press barely to mention the receipt of London Papers to the 25th September, for which we are indebted to captain Brown. We have

no time to make Extracts; but their contents are not very interesting.

Arrived, ship John Morgan, Chew, London; Juliana, Brown, do; Swift Gillender, Bourdeaux; Sophia, Woods, do; Aurora, Brown, Greenock; Cornelia, Smith, Portland; Brig Ontario, Martinico; schooner Fancy, Roden, St. Johns.

Cleared, ship Hector, Davie, Harburgh; Starbuck, Charleston; brig Berkeley, Atkinson, Guadaloupe; schooner Determined, Rover, Maier, Curacao; Anna, Cottle, Port Republican.

Brig Almira, Hawes, out 37 days from Hampton Roads, bound to Ireland, has put in New Bedford in distress.

Arrived since our last.

Ship Swift, Gillender, 33 days from Bourdeaux. October 3 at 10 at A. M. in sight of the Cordovan light house spoke ship Ploughboy, Jones, from Guadalupe for Bourdeaux out 45 days all well. 31st, in long. 60, 30, spoke ship Independence, Wickham, from Baltimore for Liverpool out 6 days all well.

Ship Sophia, Woods 38 days from Bourdeaux, spoke October 5, ship Alknomack, of Boston, from Batavia, out 128 days, bound to Rotterdam. Nov. 3, spoke ship Mac, of Portland, out 39 days from Liverpool, for North-Carolina, carried away her topmasts on the 23d October. Left at Bourdeaux, ship Olive Branch, Tier, of this port, for sale; ship Neptune, Tyler, of Providence, to sail in 4 days for this port.

Translated for the Mercantile Advertiser from Paris papers to the 26th September, inclusive, received by the Swift.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 12.

The English have just evacuated the whole of Egypt. The Turks pretend that before embarking, they sold, at a mean price, to the rebel Beys, all the ammunition remaining in that province. These still continue in Upper Egypt, and are daily reinforcing themselves with deserters from the Ottoman army, principally with those from the Asiatic corps.

As soon as it was known that the freedom of the Black Sea had been granted to the French, several commercial houses of that nation, established here, have sent expresses to Smyrna, Salonica, and several places in the Archipelago, charged with new speculations.

HELVETIC REPUBLIC.

BERNE, Sept. 13.

The French minister received yesterday a courier from Paris. Nothing has yet transpired of the dispatches brought by him; but they cannot be otherwise than interesting to our country. A great event is preparing, which it is said will take place to-morrow. During the two last days very active and multiplied conferences are held at the landamman Dolder's. We are assured, that it is in contemplation to appoint a Director, or Grand Conciliator; and, that citizen Dolder is designated for that extraordinary magistracy.

September 14.

An event little expected occupies the public attention, and gives rise to a thousand conjectures. Citizen Dolder, landamman, has been carried off this morning from his house; and under the eye of his guards, after having been obliged to resign his office. The following are the particulars of this singular event:

At 5 o'clock in the morning, three citizens of Berne and two of Zurich entered the house of the landamman, and presented to him a project of resignation already drawn up, inviting him to sign it on the spot, informing him at the same time that it would be likewise signed by all the other members of the council of execution; that this measure was commanded by circumstances, and that it had the consent of the senate, &c. Citizen Dolder signed it without any opposition. The five persons above-mentioned then obliged the landamman to get into a carriage, and conducted him to Legistors a distance of three leagues from hence, where he is guarded in the house of a Mr. Sturler of Berne.

This event, as may be well conceived, has occasioned the greatest surprise, and excited general uneasiness. The Senate itself had no knowledge of what was passing, and it is not known with certainty for what purpose this measure has been taken. It is presumed to have been done to prevent Dolder from being Dictator. In that case two members of the executive council have offered to resign; but the Senate, before composing a new Government,



wishes to lift this affair of citizen Dolder to the bottom, and for that purpose have sent two Senators to him.

The cantons of Argovie and Baden are in a complete state of insurrection. All the peasants have risen en masse, and have made themselves masters of Brugg and Leuzburgh; and last evening, when the courier left Arrau, that city was threatened with invasion. The peasants afterwards propose to direct their march against the castle of Arbourg, to liberate a man named May de Schofeland who is detained there.

The latest public account from Zurich are not of a tranquil complexion. General Andermatt had taken a very advantageous position near the city, and was making dispositions to fire upon it with red hot balls should it refuse to surrender. Letters of a more recent date say that he has executed his project, and that several parts of the city were on fire.

September 15.

The members of the Senate sent to Citizen Dolder are returned, and re-at this moment making their report to the Senate. It is not at present foreseen what turn our affairs will take.

We hear from Braden that a smart action has taken place between the insurgents and the Helvetic troops. The former had about 30 men killed, and a great number wounded.

September 16.

Citizen Dolder, landammann, Rutteman and Fuesli, stadthalers, who had given in their resignation on the 14th and 15th, have returned to the resumption of their functions, in consequence of an invitation from the Senate.

The war-office has this morning received accounts of the capitulation of Zurich.

A courier arrived last evening from head-quarters has brought dispatches announcing that a column of about 2000 peasants of the canton of Zurich had joined the Helvetic army; and that a reinforcement of about 400 men, in two bodies, destined for the city, have been defeated by our troops of the line and militia and especially by our horse-chasseurs, who have dispersed the insurgents, killed many, and made forty prisoners.

Some insurgents of Argovie have entered Arrau without experiencing any other resistance than a slight check near Baden from a company of troops of the line and 50 chasseurs of Zurich. They have 30 men killed, and several wounded; but the troops of the line were obliged to yield to a superiority of numbers. It is said the insurgents had advanced as far as Olten. A convoy of ammunition for gen. Andermatt, escorted by three officers and sixty men, was obliged to enter the fortress of Arbourg for safety. A company which was at Langenthal, has fortunately received orders to march against Arrau; the same night the insurgents had projected to disarm it. A certain number of peasants had marched to Thoun, intending to disarm the troops there; but the citizens, having joined the troops, the peasants were repulsed.

All the troops that were in Oberland are returning to Berne, and the posts which were at Brun are raised.

PARIS, September 23.

It is said Mr. Fox will pass a fortnight with the Marquis La Fayette at his country seat.

The First Consul has taken up his residence at St. Cloud the three days past. The workmen are now occupied in placing lamp-posts between St. Cloud and Paris.

### Alexandria Advertiser.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12.

A Letter-Box is affixed to the Front Door of the Office of the Alexandria Advertiser, for the reception of communications, Political, Commercial and Moral.

This day's mail brings in part the result of the Massachusetts election, which is as follows:

Suffolk District.

Dr. Eustis 1899 } Majority 59.  
J. Q. Adams 1840 }

Plymouth District.

Naham Mitchell, fed. 974 } Votes not  
Henry Warren, demo. 817 } all received.

Essex North District.

M. Cutler, fed. 706 } ditto.  
T. Kettredge, demo. 318 }

Essex South District.

J. Crowninshield 1400 } Majority 107.  
T. Pickering 1293 }

Norfolk District.

Oliver Everett, fed. 266 }  
Ebenzer Seaver, demo. 571 }  
Benjamin Hitchborn, do. 59 }

Worcester South District.

Mr. Hastings the fed. Candidate is chosen by a handsome majority.

Worcester North District.

Mr. Stedman the fed. Candidate is also chosen.

The strength of parties is nearly the same as at the last election for delegates.

The editor of the Bee sagaciously observes, "granting that Mr. Jefferson was criminal in rewarding and praising the author of the Prospect, every subscriber to a federal paper is guilty of the high crime and misdemeanor of which the president is charged. Mr. Humblebee, however, seems to forget, first, that no federal paper can possibly equal the lies of the Prospect, and secondly, that even if they could, what is right in the master, may be criminal in the servant. Mr. Vice-president was the second and most responsible servant in the household. The master can exhort himself with a glass of wine without a breach of morality—but should the servant filch from the sideboard he should be dismissed as unworthy of his place. The master can take from his own purse and reward a friend—should the servant thrust his pilfering fingers into his master's pocket, he is sent to the whipping post. But Mr. Bee wishes it to be supposed that Mr. J. is the master and we the people, his slaves?"

(Balt. Fed. Gaz.)

"Whether Thomas Paine's conduct in France, during the revolutionary struggles (says the American) were, or were not meritorious, is a subject on which the editor of this paper will not pretend to decide: indeed, as far as concerns the United States in a political point of view, it is a matter of no importance"—since whatever sort of a character the president is pleased to exalt, the people must adore!

(ibid.)

The modest and virtuous Citizen of this morning, terms Callender and Wood reptiles; creatures of confessedly bad character who have no hold in the country; mere fugitives, wandering from state to state, to spread mischief for a livelihood and prey upon innocence.

Surely Cheetham and Duane must have sat when this pair of portraits were taken. The likeness is admirable and the coloring exquisite.

But "what" says the Citizen, "are we to think of such men (what men? native Americans,) who vilify patriots, (Cheetham and Duane) who emigrate to this asylum from a love of liberty, to make themselves useful in their new and peaceful abode, better their own condition, augment the ranks of freemen and to aid in perpetuating that glorious cause for which undoubtedly their countrymen and perhaps their fathers fought and bled? Who are these upstarts who wantonly insult emigrants, men of talents, (Cheetham and Duane, &c. &c.) of enterprise, of capital, of useful industry and of science? Alas! the children of Emigrants! If it comes from republicans 'tis the effect either of jealousy or of ignorance; if from federalists, of that unextinguishable enmity to the lovers of freedom which with them extends alike to men of all countries. Let us advise our adopted citizens to remain firm, to persevere in the good cause, and to frown upon the influence of such men of whatever party. They will next April have occasion to manifest their zeal and patriotism. We hope they will do so with order and firmness. Let them remember that,

"One hour of virtuous freedom,  
Is worth a whole eternity of bondage;  
and cherishing this truly noble sentiment, act accordingly.

O matchless impudence! And is it come to this: that the free-born Americans who achieved our revolution, and have maintained the liberty, the peace & prosperity of our country, are to be called upstarts, and enemies to freedom?—and by whom?—by emigrants, by fugitives, by the creatures of yesterday. Is it by such men that the companions of Washington are to be taught the lessons of liberty and social order? Men, the few years, or days, of whose existence on our shores have been marked by the vilest calumnies against

virtue, talents and patriotism; by the most nefarious attempts to subvert the Government, and by plunging us into anarchy, to destroy the fair fabric of freedom, which has been cemented by the blood of our best citizens.

Let our fellow citizens read the extract we have given from the Citizen with attention. Cheetham and Duane are calling on all the imported citizens in the United States to rally, and to form a firm band to maintain freedom, or, in other words, to control and influence the Government; to force upon every honest and sober American who dares express his anxiety and concern for the honour and welfare of his country. How long we shall see, perhaps, a faction, composed of all the wicked, discontented and deluded from foreign climes, attempting to force us into an acquiescence in their schemes—But, first, the parity of our elections is to be corrupted: It is at the poll these new citizens are invited to assemble, "to manifest their zeal and patriotism." The old respectable American is to be put aside by the impudent and bustling activity of the new Hibernian patriot.

Let those Americans who style themselves republicans; who for the purpose of furthering their own party views, countenance and encourage those needy adventurers, ready for every dirty and wicked work, look to the consequences of their patronage.

N. Y. Evn. Post.

A letter from a young gentleman on board the Constellation, dated the 1st July, at Tripoli, to his father in this city says, "The Swedish admiral about a week ago captured a small Tripolitan gunboat, & put a lieutenant, 1 midshipman & 8 men on board, and ordered her for Malta; but when she got in sight of Malta, the wind chopped round and drove her back to Tripoli, and the lieutenant by mismanagement got her ashore, where he and his crew were made prisoners. Capt. Sterrett informs me he will sail for America in the fall."

[Fed. Gaz.]

Last Monday arrived at Boston the schooner Favorite, Pourland, from Madrid and Tenriffe, in 38 days. October 24, lat. 36. 44, long. 67, 16, fell in with the Spanish frigate Juno, of 34 guns. Don Juan Ignacio Puelles, commander, in distress, making so much water, that the greatest exertions could barely keep her free. The Spanish captain requested capt. P. to stay by him and assist in getting the frigate to the nearest American land, at the same time putting on board three officers and 4 marines with provisions.—capt. P. accompanied the ship 3 days; on the 4th in a heavy gale from the N. W. he observed signals of great distress, and for abandoning the frigate, and run under her lee as near as possible. The unfortunate Spaniards waved their handkerchiefs, & seemed almost in despair—and the ship rolled as if nearly full of water. at 9 A. M. her mainmast went over her side—and her foremast fell alternately from side to side. Every effort was made to afford her assistance, but in vain. A fog occasioned captain Pourland to lose sight of her. In half an hour it cleared away; but the ship was no more to be seen. Four hundred and thirteen persons, including several women and children, were on board. She was bound from Porto Rico to Cadiz, and had 100,000 dollars on board.

Extract of a letter from a respectable merchant in Teneriffe, to his friend in N. York, dated 21st. Sept. received via Boston.

"Our vintage will prove short—on the twelfth ult. we had such a blit of wind from the South and South East, that a great part of the grapes were destroyed and vines blown to pieces; it is my sincere opinion that two thirds of the crop has perished.—Provisions begin to be lower: there is plenty of every thing except rice—a small quantity of that will supply this market."

Extract of a letter from E. Shepard, master of the sloop Gull, from New London bound to the Spanish Main, dated Demerara, Sept. 10.

"On my passage out I had constant gales, which drove me to leeward of my intended port. After being 11 days on the coast, I entered a port and was seized by the Portuguese, who allowed me to depart after 30 days detention. I put to sea again, and after bearing 52 days carried away my bowsprit; put into port and was again seized and permitted to depart after 90 days detention. I received certain accounts that the Spaniards seized every American who went to the river La Plata; & the Portuguese have taken many. A

big & a-schpener from N. York, are seized at the river Amazon, where I left them. I am bound to the leeward for a market, having as yet sold only enough to pay expenses. I wish this published for the information of those who adventured by me. The Gull proves to be an excellent sea vessel."

### CURIOUS FACTS,

Respecting the patriotism and attachment of BEES.

It is said, by those who have made the most particular enquiries into this subject, that these little animals, when they return to the hive, laden with materials for constructing the comb in which they deposit their honey, always find some of their brethren ready to relieve them of their burthen. The travellers recommence their excursion, and while they are engaged in collecting new stores, the class of laborers who remain in the hive deposit, in proper places, the materials which the others have brought, and there prepare them for their different uses. Others, who are not immediately engaged in work, employ themselves in rendering good offices to the labouring class; they bring them food, so that no loss of time may be sustained in the public service.

This concord, which approaches near to human patriotism, is what is most striking in the economy of a bee-hive. The wealth of each citizen is the wealth of the whole community; and the whole republic, however large and numerous, is but one family. Here is no private interest; no avarice—of course, no plunder. Here no faction unites to disturb the peace, or to derange the order of the commonwealth. Here you never see one bee ambitiously usurping power, to which he is not legally entitled by the general consent; you find none grasping at the possession of the greater part of the hive, while others are condemned to want, and when they have sufficient provision laid up to carry the whole through the winter, they are content to seek no more. What lessons of wisdom do these little insects teach to the Lord of Creation. Their industry, their harmony, and patriotism, loudly reprove the idleness, the discord and selfish views that influence the greater portion of human beings, who plume themselves so greatly on the pre-eminence of reason.

### CHARACTER OF A JACOBIN.

A Jacobin's picture is easy to draw. He can't bear to obey, but will govern the law; His manners unsocial, his temper unkind, He's a Rebel in conduct, a Tyrant in mind. He is envious of those that have riches and power, Discontent, malignant, implacable, sour; Never happy himself, he would wish to destroy, The comforts and blessings which others enjoy.

### For Freight or Charter,

The new Pilot Boat built by SCHMOONER VICTORY, Burthen 106 tons, or 600 barrels, now lying at George Town, and will be at this place next Monday, in complete order to take in a Cargo. A Freight to Charleston (S. C.) would be preferred. Apply to Capt. Samuel Silver, on board, or to BENJAMIN SHREVE, jun. Nov. 12. d

### NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER intending shortly to embark for Europe, hereby gives Notice, that he has appointed Anthony Crease and John Milver his Attornies, and that they are duly authorized to transact his business in his absence.

RICHARD VEITCH.

Nov. 12.

### WAS FOUND,

A SADDLE with a pair of Saddle Bags, containing sundry Articles, supposed to belong to a person suspected of Horse Stealing. The owner may have them again by applying to the Subscriber, in Fairfax County, near Col. Wren's Tavern.

GEORGE GORDON,

Nov. 12.

### R. T. HOOE & CO.

Have received, by the Brig Industry, from London,

THE BALANCE OF THEIR

### FALL GOODS.

Nov. 1.

Printing in all its variety executed at this office.



ROBERT T. HOOE & CO.  
Have just imported by the ship *Felicity*  
from Liverpool, an assortment of

**FALL GOODS,**

Which they offer for Sale by the piece or  
package.—Also, 70 crates STONE  
WARE, and a quantity of patent LI  
VERPOOL SALT.

They have also received by the brig *Neptu*  
tune and schooner *Four Brothers*.

A few hundred bushels of Lif  
bon Salt, Lisbon and Calceville Wines,  
Fruits, Sweetmeats, &c. &c. all of which  
they will sell low from on board, if im  
mediate application is made.

They have on hand, a good assortment of  
**GERMAN LINEN.**

October 9. dtf

**THOMAS SIMMS,**

Has received by the brig *Neptune* and  
*Active*,

Fresh Oranges, by the box,  
Do. Lemons, do.  
Soft shelled Almonds, by the frail,  
Filberts by the frail,  
Sweet Oil by the bottle.

He has also for Sale,

Best Derry Mustard, by the bottle,  
Dipt and mould Candles, by the box,  
Loaf and brown Sugar,  
Olives, Anchovies and Capers, by the bottle,  
English Walnuts,  
Best Spanish Segars,  
Raisins by the jar,  
Coffee, by the bag.

Likewise, a quantity of best

NEW-ENGLAND CHEESE, a general as  
sortment of GROCERIES, and a few hundred  
Bushels of excellent POTATOES.

Nov. 1. d

**William Hartthorne,**

At his Store, on col. Hoe's Wharf, hat  
for Sale,

**Pennsylvania & Swedish barr**

Iron,

Philadelphia Lump and loaf Sugar by

the hhd. or barrel,

Brown Sugar of the first quality, by

the barrel or hhd.

Fine Salt, in sacks,

Coarse Salt by the bushel,

Old Corn, Tar,

Plaster of Paris, by the bushel,

James River Coal,

Tobacco, in kegs,

Hay in bundles, about 200 each,

A few Lots in good situations on Fair  
fax, Wilke, Prince and Washington streets,

Sale or Rent.—Also for Sale, a three

story Brick House, on King near Fairfax

street, a very good stand for business.

10th Mo. 11th, 1802.

**Ricketts, Newton & Co.**

Have received and for Sale,

**220 pieces Bandanna Hand-**

kerchiefs,

50 do. Russia Sheetting,

20 do. Cotton,

40 barrels and 10 hhd. Muscovado Sugars,

50 boxes brown Soap,

50 do. Castile do.

50 do. Candles,

30 do. Chocolate,

2 hhd. Loaf Sugars,

7 hhd. Antigua Rum,

1 hhd. clean Flax,

1 ton Rhode-Island Cheese,

7 boxes Wool and Cotton Cards,

A few pipes and half pipes of Vidona Wines,

of superior quality,

Hylon, Young Hylon, Imperial and Hylon

skin Teas,

100 reams Wrapping Paper,

200 do. Writing Paper,

A handsome assortment of Prints and Irish

linen—a large quantity of Bed-Cords and

Plough Lines.

They have to RENT,

The WARE HOUSE lately occupied by

Mr. John Janney, adjoining their Brick Store,

and a comfortable Dwelling House on Prince

street, lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Mathews

For particulars enquire as above.

Oct. 25.

**SAMUEL BISHOP**

Has received a large supply of

**Hot Pressed**

AND OTHER

**PLAYING CARDS,**

of various qualities: which he offers by

the quantity or retail, at very moderate

prices.

October 11. eo

**NEW MUSIC.**

**COTTON & STEWART,**

Booksellers, ROYAL STREET,

Have just received a large collection of

**NEW MUSIC and MUSICAL**

**INSTRUMENTS.**

Consisting of B. & C. Chimes, Ger

man Flutes, Organ Pipes and Pipes, &c.

all of which they offer for sale on reasona

ble terms.

Nov. 2.

**To be LET,**

For one or more Years,

THIS house now in the tenure of Mr.  
Thomas Claggett, situated on Queen street  
near Washington street, and opposite Mr.  
John Wise's new house, the situation is  
high and healthy.—For terms apply to  
**THOMAS IRWIN.**

Wanted to purchase,

1,500 or 2,000 Chestnut Rails, for  
which Cash and a generous Price will be  
given. Apply as above.

Oct. 26. eo

**BENNET & WATTS,**

Have imported in the *Industry*, Capt.  
M'Kenzie, from London,

**Superfine Cloths and Kersey-**

**meres,**

Wool of England Swansdowns,

Yarn, worsted and Silk Hosiery,

Lutestrings, Pelongs and Perfians,

Fancy Florentines and Sattins,

Collar Velvet,

Muffs and Tiprets,

Threads, Tapes and Bobbins,

China, Sattin and Safranette Ribbons,

Mullins, Laces and Edgings, Veils,

&c.

Ingram Yorkshire Carpets,

Furniture Fringes, Cords & Tassels,

Dimities,

And Irons, Tongs and Shovels,

Shad, Herring and Sail Twine,

Nov. 1. eo3w

**M'CARA and FRIDGE**

Have just opened a WHOLESALE STORE  
in King Street, opposite SNOWDEN'S

PRINTING OFFICE, where they have a

large and general Assortment of MER

CHANDISE, which they will sell low

for Cash or approved Notes, at 60 days;

—CONSISTING OF—

Coarse and fine cloths, coat-

ings, blankets, flannels, corduroys, thicksets

fullins, calimancoes, checks, British mullins of

every description, silk handkerchiefs, ribbons,

pelong sattins, romals, policates, thread laces

and edgings, cottons and chintzes, shawls,

finer pocket handkerchiefs, dimities, Irish linens,

brown Hollands, cottons, coat in hosiery, sewing

silks, table cloths; threads, white and coloured,

by the pound or package; hats in cases assorted;

knives and forks, scissars, &c. &c. &c.

They will receive a further supply of GOODS

by the early Fall vessels.

To LET, the House in King-

street lately occupied by Mr. M'Culloch.

Apply as above.

Sept. 17. eo2m

**TO LET,**

A THREE-STORY

**BRICK HOUSE,**

On Prince, between Fairfax and Union

Streets, adjoining the Store of William

Hodgson. Apply to

**JOHN HARPER.**

October 6. eo

For Cows and a Market,

The AMERICAN SHIP

**FELICITY,**

Captain REED.

She is expected to sail in all

next month, the greater part of her cargo

being engaged. From 50 to 100 hhd.

Tobacco will be received on Freight, if

immediate application is made, and a libe

ral advance made to those who consign to

**THOMAS MIDDLETON & Co. of London.**

**ROBERT T. HOOE & CO.**

Oct. 29. eo3f

**AMOS ALLISON,**

Has imported in the ship *Brutus* and *Feli*  
city from Liverpool a part of his

**FALL GOODS,**

which are now opening at his Store

corner of Prince & Fairfax Streets; he

expects the remainder by the *Industry*

from London which will complete his

assortment.

He has also on hand,

Irish Linens in boxes,

Kendal Cotton in bales,

Richelieu in do.

50 pieces Russia sheetings,

20 hhd. brown Sugar,

20 barrels do.

100 hhd. oil, do

100 hhd. do. do

50 hhd. do. do

100 hhd. do. do

100 hhd. do. do

100 hhd. do. do

100 hhd. do. do

100 hhd. do. do

**CHARLES F. GREYTER,**  
**Tailor & Habit-Maker,**

**M**OST respectfully informs his friends  
and the public, that he has com  
menced business in Royal street, next door  
to Mr. Mott's Tavern, where he deter  
mines that his attention and assiduity shall  
merit a share of that patronage which he  
most earnestly solicits, and which shall be  
executed with fidelity, neatness and dif  
patch.

Nov. 1. d3:eo3f

**NOTICE.**

In pursuance of a Decree of the  
Circuit Court of the District of Colum  
bia, for Alexandria County, will be  
exposed to sale for cash, on Saturday the  
4th day of December next.

A Lot of Ground on the west  
side of Fairfax Street, and to the south of  
Franklin Street adjoining a Lot of Joshua  
Riddle on the South. This lot is twenty  
one feet in front, in depth, seventy  
three feet, and is subject to a ground rent  
of seventeen dollars and an half per an  
num.

Also, another Lot of Ground  
beginning on Fairfax Street 259 feet 10  
inches south from Franklin Street, extend  
ing in front on Fairfax Street twenty  
feet, in depth 123 feet 5 inches; on the  
Lot is a small well finished DWELLING  
HOUSE. This Lot is subject to an an  
nual rent of five shillings.

THOS. IRWIN, } Comm'rs.  
JOHN DUNLAP, }  
PETER WISE, }

November 2. eo13f

Wanted to Hire immediately,

**A** WOMAN to do the Cooking and  
Washing of a small Family. Ap  
ply to the Printer.

Nov. 8. eo3f

**FOR SALE,**

Two Hundred and Fifty Hhds. of

**TOBACCO,**

Of which nearly 100 are Maryland, the  
residue Upper South Potomac; liberal  
credit will be given on approved paper.

**A. HENDERSON & CO.**

Nov. 5. d3:eo3f

**CARVING, GILDING, and**

**VARNISHING.**

**Mrs. RACHEL ATKINS,**

**OFFERS** her grateful acknowledg

ments to the citizens of Alexandria

and the public generally, for the many fa

vors conferred on her in the line of her

profession, since her short residence among

them, and informs them that she proposes

returning to Philadelphia in about two

weeks; until her removal she will be hap

py in executing any orders they may think

proper to honor her with.

She has on hand and will sell at reduced

prices,

A large and elegant assortment of

**Prints, Looking-Glasses, &**

**GIRANDOLES.**

Oct. 29. eo

**For Freight or Charter to**

**Europe.**

**THE CAPITAL SHIP**

**GOVERNOR STRONG.**

This ship is expected in the

Eastern Branch, and will be

ready to take a freight for any port in

Europe early in September. She is staunch

and well built, carries upwards of 408

tons, stows tobacco and flour to the great

est advantage, sails well, and is but 10

months old.—Apply to

**W. HARTSHORNE, Junr. Norfolk,**

**JOHN JANNEY, Alexandria,**

**CHAS. MINIFIE, on the E. Branch.**

Washington, September 2. 2aw

**TO RENT,**

And possession given at a short Notice.

**Two DWELLING-HOUSES**

in a central part of Alexandria.

**A L S O,**

**A Ware-House and Lot,**

On Union near Prince Street.

**PHILIP WANTON.**

10th mo. 3d, 1802. 1aw312

**FOR SALE,**

**THE LOT** with the HOUSE thereon, at

the South-east corner of Cameron and

Alfred streets, late the Property of Thomas

Richards. Also, several vacant LOTS ad

joining thereon on Alfred Street, between Cam

eron and King Streets. The House is pleasantly

situated and in good order for the Accommodation

of a Family.—If not sold before the 1st of No

vember, it will then be re-rented.

Nov. 30. 2aw

**WILLIAM CRAIK.**

Nov. 30.

**In the matter of Isaac Kell, a**  
**BANKRUPT.**

**A**LL persons indebted to the said  
Bankrupt or who have any of his ef  
fects in their possession, are hereby requir  
ed to pay and deliver the same forthwith  
to the subscriber, who has been duly ap  
pointed Assignee of the said Bankrupt's  
Estate.

**JOHN M'IVER, Assignee.**

N. W. 2. 2aw312

**Valuable Property for Sale,**

**At the little Falls of Potomac,**  
About three miles from George Town  
and the City of Washington, and ten  
from Alexandria.

**172 acres of Land, upon which**  
are a dwelling house and sundry other im  
provements, several stone quarries and fish  
lands, and two vacant mill seats.

**Two undivided third parts of 7**  
acres of Land, upon which are a merchant  
mill, with three pair of French burr mill  
stones and every necessary, complete, for  
manufacturing flour to the best advantage,  
and with as little manual labor as possible;  
a brewery and distillery, a granary, a  
miller's house, a brewer's house, cooper's  
shop, &c. and a vacant mill seat.

**Two undivided third parts of**  
200 acres of land, adjoining the 7 acres  
and 172 acres above mentioned, upon which  
there are several stone quarries and fish  
lands.

**The purchaser of the above prop**  
erty, will have an assignment of a lease  
for the other undivided third part, of which  
there will be 6 years to come from the first  
day of September next.

**The stone on the above lands is**  
equal in goodness to any, and superior to  
most foundation stone on the river—ves  
sels of any burthen that can go to George  
Town, can go up to the mill and stone  
quarries.

**Any person or persons, who may incline**  
to purchase, will of course view the pre  
mises, therefore it is not thought necessary  
to be more particular.

**For terms apply to Gen. Uriah Forrest,**

at George Town, or to

**PHILIP R. FENDALL,**